(page 38 of Standard Edition)

# " 'Come to Me . . . ' ''



### SABBATH AFTERNOON

**Read for This Week's Study:** *Matt.* 11:20–30, *Matt.* 5:5, *Deut.* 18:15, *Gal.* 5:1, *Exod.* 18:13–22, *Gal.* 6:2.

**Memory Text:** "'Come to Me, all you who labor and are heavy laden, and I will give you rest'" (Matt. 11:28, NKJV).

ome to Me, all you who labor and are heavy laden, and I will give you rest."

What a wonderful promise we have been given here by Jesus. After all, who among us at times hasn't felt heavy-laden, if not so much with work itself (though that can often be the case) but with the labor and heavy-ladenness that life itself brings? And Jesus here is telling us that, yes, He knows what we are going through, and, yes, He can help us—that is, if we let Him.

And then, after telling us to bear His yoke, Jesus says, "'For My yoke is easy and My burden is light'" (Matt. 11:30, NKJV). In other words, Get rid of the yokes and burdens that you are carrying (give them to Me) and take Mine upon yourself instead, for Mine are easier to bear.

How can we experience the rest that Jesus is talking about? After all, we live in a world where, after sin, the Lord said to Adam, "'In the sweat of your face you shall eat bread'" (*Gen. 3:19, NKJV*). Thus, we have known what it is like to labor and to be carrying burdens that can seem way too hard to bear, at least by ourselves.

<sup>\*</sup> Study this week's lesson to prepare for Sabbath, July 31.

## " 'I Will Give You Rest' "

**Read** Matthew 11:20–28, where Jesus says: "'Come to Me, all you who labor and are heavy laden, and I will give you rest' " (NKJV). What is the context of this statement? How does Jesus give us this rest?

As all of us, Jesus never spoke without a context. In order to understand Him, we need to grasp the specific context surrounding a particular statement, especially if we want to avoid misinterpreting Jesus.

Matthew 11 marks a turning point in Matthew's Gospel. The statements denouncing important Galilean cities are the harshest heard so far in the Gospel. Jesus does not curry favors; He puts the finger where it hurts; He associates with the "wrong" people (Matt. 9:9–13); His claim to be able to forgive sins is scandalous in the eyes of the religious leaders (Matt. 9:1–8).

Indeed, Jesus speaks some powerfully condemning words to the people, even comparing them, unfavorably, to Sodom, viewed then (as today) as a place of implacable wickedness. "'But I say to you that it shall be more tolerable for the land of Sodom in the day of judgment than for you' " (Matt. 11:24, NKJV).

Tensions are rising—and yet, in the midst of all of this, Jesus changes gear and offers true rest. He can do so because "'all things have been delivered to Me by My Father, and no one knows the Son except the Father' "(Matt. 11:27, NKJV). Jesus' ability to give rest is based on His divinity and His oneness with the Father.

Before we can come to unload our burdens, we need to understand that we cannot carry them alone. In fact, most of us will not come unless we have recognized our true condition. Jesus' invitation is need based.

His statement in Matthew 11:28 begins with an imperative in the Greek original. "'Come' "is not optional; "come" represents the precondition of finding rest. "Come" means that we need to surrender control. In a time when we can conveniently control many things in our lives via our smartphones, coming to Jesus is not a natural direction. In fact, for most people, surrender is the toughest part of the Christian life.

We love to talk, and rightly so, about all that God does for us in Christ and how we cannot save ourselves and the like. All that is true. But in the end, we still have to make the conscious choice to "come" to Jesus, which means surrender to Him. Here is where the reality of free will becomes front and center in the Christian life.

What burdens are you carrying? How can you learn to give them to Jesus and experience the rest He offers at so great a cost to Himself?

# " 'Take My Yoke Upon You' "

**Read** Matthew 11:29, 30. Why does Jesus command us to take His voke right after He has invited us to give Him our burdens and find true rest?

After the first imperative " 'come' " in Matthew 11:28, two more imperatives follow in Matthew 11:29. "'Take' "and "'learn' "focus the attention of the audience (and the reader) on Jesus. We are to take His voke and learn from Him.

The intimate relationship in the Godhead between the Father and the Son (already intimated in Matt. 11:25-27) offers a powerful illustration that may explain the yoke metaphor in these verses. Both the Father and the Son are working unitedly to save humanity. While the voke is a symbol of submission (see Jeremiah 27), it also is a metaphor illustrating united purpose. We submit to His yoke and accept the task He gives us to bless those around us. We are not carrying His yoke; we are just yoked to Him because His yoke "'is easy' "and His burden "'is light'" (Matt. 11:30).

The second imperative, "'learn from Me,' "reiterates this concept. In Greek the verb "learn" is connected to the term "disciple." When we learn from Jesus, we are truly His disciples. Obedience and commitment are characteristics of discipleship.

What is the difference between being "heavy laden" (Matt. 11:28) and taking up His voke (Matt. 11:29)?

The yoke was a common metaphor in Judaism for the law. Acts 15:10 uses it in reference to the law of circumcision. Galatians 5:1 contrasts the liberty Jesus offers with the voke of bondage, which is a reference to the law as a means of salvation. Being yoked to Jesus emphasizes obedience and commitment to follow in His footsteps and to participate in His mission. While we cannot hope to add anything to the salvation that Jesus won for us on the cross, we can become His ambassadors and share the good news with those around us. Jesus' interpretation of the law, as demonstrated in the Sermon on the Mount (Matthew 5-7) is even more radical than the Pharisees' take on it. It requires heart surgery and transforms our motives—and, His yoke is easy and His burden is light (Matt. 11:30).

What a wonderful promise! Rest for your souls. How have you experienced that rest? What is it like? By focusing on Jesus and on what He offers us, how can we begin to know that rest?

# "'I Am Gentle and Lowly in Heart'"

Gentleness is an underrated quality today. Humility is laughed at. Social media has taught us to pay attention to the loud, the noisy, the weird and wild, and the flamboyant. Truly so many of the world's standards are the opposite of what God deems important and valuable.

"A knowledge of the truth depends not so much upon strength of intellect as upon pureness of purpose, the simplicity of an earnest, dependent faith. To those who in humility of heart seek for divine guidance, angels of God draw near. The Holy Spirit is given to open to them the rich treasures of the truth."—Ellen G. White, Christ's Object Lessons, p. 59.

**Read** Matthew 5:5, 1 Peter 3:4, and Isaiah 57:15. How would you define meekness and humility based on these texts?

Paul refers to "the meekness and gentleness of Christ" in 2 Corinthians 10:1. Meekness and humility are not descriptions of pushovers, of people who cannot stand their own ground. Jesus Himself did not seek confrontation and often avoided it because His mission had not yet been fulfilled (John 4:1-3). When confrontation came to Him, however, He responded boldly. Yet, at the same time, He spoke kindly. His laments over Jerusalem just prior to the cross, for example, were not shouted curses but tear-filled word pictures of a devastating future (Luke 19:41–44).

In the New Testament, Jesus is often portrayed as the Second Moses. He speaks from a mountain when He lavs out the principles of His kingdom (Matt. 5:1). He provides large crowds with miracle food (Matt. 14:13–21). Numbers 12:3 describes Moses as "meek," which is echoed in Matthew 11:29. People witnessing the feeding of the 5,000 exclaim in wonder, "This is truly the Prophet who is to come into the world' "(John 6:14, NKJV)—a reference to Deuteronomy 18:15 and Moses' role as a prophet.

Jesus' humility and meekness clearly supersede Moses'. After all, He is our divine Savior. While Moses offered to give himself to save his people (Exod. 32:32), his death would not have accomplished anything, for Moses was a sinner himself and in need of a Savior, a Sin Bearer to pay for his sins. Though we can learn from Moses and the story of his life, we cannot find salvation in him.

Instead, we need a Savior who can stand in our stead, not just as an Intercessor but as our Substitute. Intercession is important, but it is only God hanging on the cross as our Sin Bearer, as the One who paid in Himself the penalty for our sin, who can save us from the legal consequences that our sins would, justly, bring on us. This is why, however great the example Jesus was for us, it would all be for nothing without the Cross and the Resurrection.

# "'For My Yoke Is Easy'"

We already noticed that Matthew's use of "yoke" in this section echoes Judaism's use of the term and those of other New Testament texts referring to a wrong understanding of the law.

The Greek term translated as "'easy' "in Matthew 11:30 in the New King James Version also can be translated as "good, pleasant, useful, and benevolent." Many people around us consider God's law heavy-handed; difficult to comply with; and, at times, irrelevant. How can we help them to discover the beauty of the law and inspire love for the Lawgiver?

Parents always remember the moment their child took that first step. A wobbly first step is followed by a tentative second step, then a third—and by then it's most likely that the child will stumble and fall. There may be some tears and perhaps even a bruise, but once the child has felt the freedom of movement, he or she will get up and try again. Walk, fall, get up, walk, fall, get up. The sequence repeats itself many times before the child can walk securely. And yet, amid stumbles and falls, there is a proud little face triumphantly declaring: *Papa, Mama, I can walk!* 

Walking with Jesus may not always be easy, but it's always good and the right thing to do. We may stumble; we may even fall; yet, we can get up and continue to walk with Him at our side.

In Galatians 5:1, Paul wrote: "Stand fast therefore in the liberty by which Christ has made us free, and do not be entangled again with a yoke of bondage" (NKJV). What does that mean? How has Christ made us free? What is the difference between the yoke He asks us to carry and the "yoke of bondage" that Paul warns us against?

We can be sure that whatever exactly Paul meant by the "yoke of bondage," he was not referring to obedience to God's law, the Ten Commandments. On the contrary, it's through obedience, by faith, understanding that our salvation is secure, not based on the law but on Christ's righteousness covering us, that we can have true rest and freedom.

Why is living a life of obedience to God's law one of more restfulness than one in which we disobey that law?

# "'My Burden Is Light'"

Jesus' final statement in Matthew 11:30 uses the imagery of bearing a burden: "'For My yoke is easy and My burden is light' "(NKJV).

**Moses** was delighted to see his father-in-law, Jethro, after Israel had left Egypt and crossed the sea. Read Exodus 18:13-22. What does bearing another person's burden look like in this story?

Exodus 18:13 tells us that people came to Moses for judgments from morning to evening. When Moses' father-in-law saw this, he earnestly pleaded with his son-in-law to establish a structure that would allow him to focus on the big things while trusting others to take care of the more mundane things. Scripture tells us that Moses listened to Jethro's voice and implemented these life-giving changes.

When Jesus told us that His burden is light, He wanted to remind us that we can rely on Him, the ultimate Burden Bearer. Like Moses, we must learn that we need others to share our burdens. In 1 Corinthians 12:12–26, Paul's imagery of the body of Christ offers a good illustration of what shared burdens may look like. We need a functioning body to be able to carry any weight. We need legs, arms, shoulders, muscles, and sinews to carry anything.

**Read** Galatians 6:2. How does bearing one another's burdens help us fulfill the law of Christ?

The immediate context of this passage may offer some help. In Galatians 6:1, Paul states that if a brother or sister falls into temptation, we are to restore that person in a spirit of gentleness (remember Jesus' claim in Matthew 11:29 that He is gentle). Burden bearing means restoring someone who has gone off the track in order to help that person see divine grace. But it also means helping one another when we, or they, suffer hardship. The Greek term for "burden" can refer to a heavy weight or stone. It's a reminder that we all carry burdens and that we all need those who can help us carry the burdens. Burden sharing is a divinely ordained church activity requiring gentleness and producing compassion.

Think about the last time someone helped you carry a burden that you were struggling under. Why did that mean so much to you? Whose burden can you help carry now?

**Further Thought:** "When you find your work hard, when you complain of difficulties and trials, when you say that you have no strength to withstand temptation, that you cannot overcome impatience, and that the Christian life is uphill work, be sure that you are not bearing the yoke of Christ; you are bearing the yoke of another master."—Ellen G. White, *Child Guidance*, p. 267.

"There is need of constant watchfulness and of earnest, loving devotion, but these will come naturally when the soul is kept by the power of God through faith. We can do nothing, absolutely nothing, to commend ourselves to divine favor. We must not trust at all to ourselves or to our good works; but when as erring, sinful beings we come to Christ, we may find rest in His love. God will accept every one that comes to Him trusting wholly in the merits of a crucified Saviour. Love springs up in the heart. There may be no ecstasy of feeling, but there is an abiding, peaceful trust. Every burden is light; for the yoke which Christ imposes is easy. Duty becomes a delight, and sacrifice a pleasure. The path that before seemed shrouded in darkness becomes bright with beams from the Sun of Righteousness. This is walking in the light as Christ is in the light."—Ellen G. White, *Faith and Works*, pp. 38, 39.

#### **Discussion Questions:**

- 1 Do you remember the moment in your walk with Jesus when you finally surrendered? Share this moment in your class and focus particularly on the reason you surrendered.
- 2 Study Jesus' prayer in Matthew 11:25–27 and discuss in your class how we gain knowledge of grace. Why does God hide the plan of salvation ("these things") from the wise and prudent and reveal them to babes?
- **3** In a practical way, how can we help those around us struggling with their burdens to come to Jesus and find rest?
- 4 Dwell more on this idea of being "meek and lowly in heart." Isn't that bad for a person's self-esteem? Shouldn't we feel good about ourselves, especially people who struggle with self-doubts anyway? How should the cross, and what the cross represents, help us to understand what Jesus means about being "meek and lowly"? That is, in the presence of the Cross, why are meekness and lowliness the only real appropriate attitudes to have?

# INSIDE Story

# **Praying Without Ceasing**

By Andrew McChesney

Ning Cing's two daughters wanted to go to a Seventh-day Adventist school when they arrived in the United States as refugees from Myanmar.

Eight-year-old Lun made it a matter of prayer during morning and evening family worship. "Please, God, help us," she prayed. "We want to go to an Adventist school. If You want, You can help us."

Nuam was only four and not ready for school, but that didn't deter her. "Please, God, help us," she prayed.

Their single mother, Ning, wished she had a choice other than public school in their new hometown in the state of Georgia. But she didn't have money to send Lun to the Adventist school. She had other problems as well. She couldn't speak English. She didn't know how to drive. She had no job.

Then the headaches started. The pain spread to her left arm and left side. She lost sight in her left eye.

Ning wept. How would she care for her daughters, much less send them to Adventist school? As she cried, she read the Bible and prayed. "God, please answer my prayer," she said. "Give me a miracle."

Slowly the pain disappeared, and her sight returned. A warehouse offered her work, and an Adventist pastor drove her to the job interview. When she was hired, coworkers picked her up at the house and took her back. Then she learned how to drive. Her salary, however, was small.

The first school year ended, and Nuam was old enough to start first grade in the fall. Both daughters kept praying. When the new school year started, both girls entered public school. Still they kept praying.

"God, please help us," Lun prayed. "Send kind, rich people to pay the school fees. We want to learn the Bible in school. We want to know You."

Three weeks into the school year, an Adventist friend called. Funds from a Thirteenth Sabbath Offering would help cover the girls' tuition at the Adventist school. "Your girls can start next week," the friend said.

Lun was ecstatic. "Thank You, God!" she exclaimed. "You are able to do everything. You heard our prayers. We love You, God. We praise You."

Nuam began to cry. "Oh, really?" she said. "God really answered our prayers?"

The sisters woke up early, at 5:30 A.M., for their first day of school. They eagerly watched and waited at the window for the school bus to arrive.



"God is very great to my family and me," Ning said. "He cares for us and loves us so much."

Thank you for your 2011 Thirteenth Sabbath Offering that helped Ning's daughters go to an Adventist school. This quarter's offering will again help refugee children get an Adventist education in the North American Division. Thank you for planning a generous offering.

# Part I: Overview

Have you ever felt that the burdens you are carrying are just too heavy? Have you ever felt that your stress level is at its limit and you just cannot cope any longer? This week's lesson provides practical help when we come to the breaking point. In fact, whether our burdens are extremely heavy or relatively light, Jesus invites us to come to Him to find relief

Our principal Bible passage this week is Matthew 11:28–30: "'Come to Me, all you who labor and are heavy laden, and I will give you rest. Take My yoke upon you and learn from Me, for I am gentle and lowly in heart, and you will find rest for your souls. For My yoke is easy and My burden is light' " (NKJV). Did you notice the three specific, triple-word commands in Christ's statement? First, He says, "'Come unto Me.' "He is the Source of our peace. He is the Wellspring of our strength. He alone can lift our burdens. He is really the only One who can truly relieve the overwhelming stress we, at times, experience. The second triple-word command is "'Take My yoke.' "Oxen that are yoked are united together for service. When we are united with Christ in service to others, our burdens become lighter. We will study more in-depth about what it means to be "yoked" with Christ in this week's lesson. The third triple-word command is "'Learn from Me.' "Jesus carried the weight of this world upon His shoulders. yet He lived in an atmosphere of divine peace. He was not stressed out with the challenges He faced. In this week's lesson, we will explore this passage in considerable detail, especially emphasizing Jesus' longing for us to rest in Him and find peace of heart and mind.

# Part II: Commentary

The story is told of an aged farmer trudging down a narrow, old-country, dirt road, carrying a sack of potatoes on his back. His shoulders slumped; his gait was labored and slow. It was an extremely hot summer day, and sweat poured off the old man's forehead. His spirits picked up a bit when a neighbor approached in his horse-drawn wagon and asked the old man if he wanted a ride. Happily, he climbed into the back of the wagon. As they rode along, his neighbor observed that the man still had the sack of potatoes on his back. He turned and said to the farmer, "Friend, get some relief. Just set your sack down."

As the story goes, the old man simply responded, "You have been so

kind as to give me a ride; the least I can do is carry my load." No doubt this story is fictional, but it illustrates the point of this week's lesson well. It is possible for us to still carry our own heavy burdens even after we have come to Jesus. Our Savior longs to relieve us from the stress of carrying these burdens. He desires to carry our load. Let's study how we can be free of the burdens that often crush our joy.

#### Come to Jesus.

Jesus invites us to come to Him. In a practical sense, what does this mean? Coming is a decision of the will. Coming implies our personal choice. Jesus has given to each one of us freedom of choice. He will not coerce the will. He will not pressure us to come. He graciously invites us. He impresses us with His Spirit to come. But coming is our choice. To come is to place our trust and confidence in His ability to lift the burden. We come in faith, believing that He is greater than the problem, larger than the difficulty, and bigger than the challenge. Ellen G. White shares this encouraging insight: " 'Come unto Me,' is His invitation. Whatever your anxieties and trials, spread out your case before the Lord. Your spirit will be braced for endurance. The way will be opened for you to disentangle yourself from embarrassment and difficulty. The weaker and more helpless you know yourself to be, the stronger will you become in His strength. The heavier your burdens, the more blessed the rest in casting them upon the Burden Bearer."—The Desire of Ages. p. 329.

#### Yoked With Jesus

When we come to Jesus, He invites us to take up His yoke. These words that were common to His first-century hearers seem strange to our ears. William Barclay, in his Bible commentary on Matthew 11:28–30, explains Jesus' words regarding the yoke this way: "It is Jesus' invitation to take His yoke upon our shoulders. The Jews used the phrase *the yoke* for *entering into submission to*. They spoke of the yoke of the Law, the yoke of the commandments, the yoke of the Kingdom, the yoke of God." To take Christ's yoke is to submit to His will. When the yoke was placed around the neck of the ox, the animal then submitted to the direction of its master.

According to Barclay, there may be a deeper meaning to Christ's words: "It may well be that Jesus took the words of His invitation from something much nearer home than that. He says, 'My yoke is *easy*.' The word *easy* is in Greek *chrēstos*, which can mean *well-fitting*. In Palestine ox-yokes were made of wood; the ox was brought, and the measurements were taken. The yoke was then roughed out, and the ox was brought back to have the yoke tried on. The yoke was then care-

fully adjusted, so that it would fit well, and would not gall the neck of the patient beast. The yoke was tailor-made to fit the ox."

Do you think that Jesus made yokes in the carpenter shop of Nazareth? Barclay talks about a legend that Jesus "made the best oxyokes in all Galilee and that from all over the country men came to Him... to buy the best yokes that skill could make." Can you imagine a sign above the door of Jesus' carpenter shop that read something like this: "The best yokes in all of Galilee made here"?

The yoke that Jesus places around our neck to unite us to Him fits well. He becomes our Partner in service and is yoked with us. What He means is: "The life I give you is not a burden to you; your task is made to measure in order to fit you." Whatever God sends us is made to fit our needs and our abilities exactly. As the apostle Paul states: "No temptation has overtaken you except such as is common to man; but God is faithful, who will not allow you to be tempted beyond what you are able, but with the temptation will also make the way of escape, that you may be able to bear it" (1 Cor. 10:13, NKJV). Yoked with Jesus, we have the absolute assurance that He will strengthen us to bear any temptation, trial, or tribulation that confronts us. The rest that Christ gives us is the assurance that He is by our side to enable us to thrive in every one of life's challenges.

Ellen G. White adds: "'Take My yoke upon you,' Jesus says. The yoke is an instrument of service. Cattle are yoked for labor, and the voke is essential that they may labor effectually. By this illustration Christ teaches us that we are called to service as long as life shall last. We are to take upon us His yoke, that we may be co-workers with Him. The voke that binds to service is the law of God. The great law of love revealed in Eden, proclaimed upon Sinai, and in the new covenant written in the heart, is that which binds the human worker to the will of God. If we were left to follow our own inclinations, to go just where our will would lead us, we should fall into Satan's ranks and become possessors of his attributes. Therefore God confines us to His will, which is high, and noble, and elevating. He desires that we shall patiently and wisely take up the duties of service."—The Desire of Ages, p. 329. To take His voke is to submit to His will, and in submitting to His will, we have the highest sense of freedom and the greatest sense of peace.

#### Learn From Jesus.

The last of the three commands of Christ in Matthew 11:29 is "'Learn of Me' " (NKJV). As we study the life of Christ, one predominant theme

comes through. Christ was totally committed to doing the Father's will. In John 8:29, Jesus says, "'I always do those things that please Him'" (NKJV). In His final intercessory prayer in John 17, Jesus prays, "'that they all may be one, as You, Father, are in Me, and I in You' " (John 17:21, NKJV). There was an unbroken oneness between Jesus and His Father. Never once in His earthly life did Jesus decide to act or think contrary to the Father's will. Even in the most difficult time of His life, Jesus surrendered His own will to the Father's will. In Gethsemane, when the fate of the world trembled in the balance and Satan wrung the heart of Jesus with his fiercest temptations, Jesus prayed, "'Father, if it is possible, let this cup pass from Me; nevertheless, not as I will, but as You will' " (Matt. 26:39, NKJV). Perfect peace comes when our hearts and minds are one with Christ's mind. When, as the old song says, there is "nothing between my soul and the Savior," we are at peace. Sin disturbs our peace. A broken relationship between us and Jesus upsets our peace. When we come to Him desiring to do His will, yoked with Him in service, He promises, "'You will find rest for your souls' "(Matt. 11:29, NKJV).

# Part III: Life Application

Can you think of anything in your life that would keep you from a full surrender to Jesus? Is there anything that would keep you from coming to Him? There are many people who think they cannot come to Christ unless they first repent of their sins and give up their bad habits. The truth is that we come to Jesus just as we are with all our faults, tormented by guilt and plagued with the weakness of our flesh. When we come, He accepts us with open arms. He gives us the gift of repentance. He accepts our confession. He receives us as His sons and daughters. He empowers us to overcome. Yoked with Him, we become new creatures in Christ. This week, consider beginning your day with these two statements:

- Jesus, today I come to You. I acknowledge that You are the Source of my peace, purpose, and joy in life. I submit my will to You today and lay all my plans at Your feet.
- Jesus, reveal to me anything in my life that is not in harmony with Your will. Where I have attitudes, feelings, desires, and habits that are contrary to Your will, please reveal them to me. Today, my chief desire is to please You.

## TEACHERS COMMENTS

Votes			



### **TOTAL MEMBER INVOLVEMENT TIME**

#### What is Total Member Involvement?

- ▶ Total Member Involvement (TMI) is a full-scale, world-church evangelistic thrust that involves every member, every church, every administrative entity, every type of public outreach ministry, as well as personal and institutional outreach.
- ▶ It is a calendar-driven, intentional soul-winning plan that discovers the needs of families, friends, and neighbors. Then it shares how God fulfills every need, resulting in church planting and church growth, with a focus on retaining, preaching, sharing, and discipling.

#### HOW TO IMPLEMENT TMI TIME IN SABBATH SCHOOL

Dedicate the first 15 minutes\* of each lesson to plan, pray and share:

- ▶ TMI IN-REACH: Plan to visit, pray, care for missing or hurting members, and distribute territory assignments. Pray and discuss ways to minister to the needs of church families, inactive members, youth, women and men, and various ways to get the church family involved.
- ▶ TMI OUT-REACH: Pray and discuss ways of reaching your community, city, and world, fulfilling the Gospel Commission by sowing, reaping, and keeping. Involve all ministries in the church as you plan short-term and long-term soul-winning projects. TMI is about intentional acts of kindness. Here are some practical ways to become personally involved:

  1. Develop the habit of finding needs in your community. 2. Make plans to address those needs. 3. Pray for the outpouring of the Holy Spirit.
- ▶ **TMI UP-REACH:** Lesson Study. Encourage members to engage in individual Bible study—make study of the Bible in Sabbath School participatory. Study for transformation, not information.

TMI	Time	Explanation
Fellowship Outreach World Mission	15 min.*	Pray, plan, organize for action. Care for missing members. Schedule outreach.
Lesson Study	45 min.*	Involve everyone in the study of the lesson. Ask questions. Highlight key texts.
Lunch		Plan lunch for the class after worship.  THEN GO OUT AND REACH SOMEONE!

<sup>\*</sup>Adjust times as necessary.





A 9-year-old girl invites classmates to family worship in the Canadian Arctic. A 9-year-old girl writes thank you letters in the Marshall Islands. Two sisters sing on the walk to church in the U.S. state of Arizona. What do they have in common? They are united by the Seventh-day Adventist Church's mission in the North American Division, which will receive this quarter's Thirteenth Sabbath Offering.

Read more in the youth and adult Mission magazine (bit.ly/adultmission) and the Children's Mission magazine (bit.ly/childrensmission).

Thank you for supporting Adventist Mission with your prayers and Sabbath School mission offerings. MADVENTIST WWW.ADVENTISTMISSION.ORG