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The Holy Spirit and the Gifts of the Spirit



SABBATH AFTERNOON

Read for This Week's Study: 1 Cor. 12:4–7, 11; Eph. 4:7; 1 Cor. 12:14–31; Rom. 12:3–8; 1 John 4:1–3.

Memory Text: "There are diversities of gifts, but the same Spirit.

There are differences of ministries, but the same Lord. And there are diversities of activities, but it is the same God who works all in all" (1 Corinthians 12:4–6, NKJV).

oing away on a long business trip, a man left his son in charge of the household with a specific task to do. But the son soon realized that his father had not provided him with the necessary means and tools to accomplish that task. Frustrated, the son had to leave it undone.

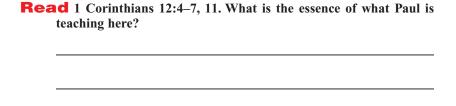
Likewise, when Jesus left His disciples and went to be with His Father in heaven, He gave them a specific task: preach the good news of the gospel to the world. But Jesus did not leave His disciples unequipped. What He commanded them to do He enabled them to do, but in His name and through the power and help of the Holy Spirit. In 1 Corinthians 1:4–7, Paul gives thanks "for the grace of God which was given you in Christ Jesus, that in everything you were enriched in Him . . . so that you are not lacking in any gift" (NASB). Spiritual gifts are given through the Holy Spirit in Christ to build His church.

This week we will study the Holy Spirit as the Sovereign Giver of God's remarkable gifts, and look at the difference between the fruit of the Spirit and the gifts of the Spirit.

^{*} Study this week's lesson to prepare for Sabbath, February 25.

The Fruit of the Spirit and the Gifts of the Spirit

The fruit of the Spirit and the gifts of the Spirit have the same Author. Yet, they are not the same. No one is required to manifest a gift of the Spirit, but everyone should manifest the fruit of the Spirit. Spiritual gifts do not necessarily testify to spirituality, but the fruit of the Spirit does. While there is only one fruit, there are many gifts, and some are greater than others.



While all aspects of the fruit of the Spirit are designed by God to be visible in the life of His followers, not every believer has the same gift or gifts. There is no command that all should have one particular gift, such as speaking in tongues. Instead, God sovereignly equips His believers with different gifts as He sees fit. The gifts of the Spirit are given so that we can serve others and build up the body of Christ, His church. These gifts are not given for our own pleasure and glory. They are bestowed to further the cause of God.

Therefore, spiritual gifts are worthless without the fruit of the Spirit. It is interesting that within the context of the spiritual gifts, love is often alluded to. Immediately after 1 Corinthians 12 comes the supreme description of love, in chapter 13. Ephesians 4:11–13 is followed in verses 15 and 16 with references to love. The next verses after Romans 12:3–8, where the gifts of the Spirit are mentioned, speak about love (see Rom. 12:9, 10).

The gifts are, after all, gifts of grace; that is, they are gifts of love. They are given out of love and serve the love of God in reaching other people. By loving others, we are revealing the love of God to them. A loving and omniscient God provides the means to accomplish what He has commissioned His people to do. Perhaps that is why love is the greatest gift of all (1 Cor. 13:13).

Why is love so central to all that we do as Christians? How does love, in a sense, "empower" our witness?

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God, the Sovereign Giver of the Spiritual Gifts

It is not we who decide what gifts to have. The Greek word for the gifts of the Spirit is *charismata*—they are gifts of grace, distributed and given by God Himself. We do not earn them by our status, our position, our honor, our education, or our spiritual performance. They are gifts, freely given out of love so that we can fulfill the task God has assigned us to do.

Read Ephesians 4:7. We often think that the Holy Spirit is the One who bestows spiritual gifts. The apostle Paul also connects Jesus Christ with the giving of the gifts. How is Jesus involved in the giving of the gifts?

Paul says that the grace of Christ secured the right to give us gifts. But it is the Holy Spirit who distributes them to the members of the church. Those who have accepted Jesus Christ as their personal Savior and believe in Him will be equipped by the Holy Spirit with spiritual gifts "as He wills" (1 Cor. 12:11, NASB). The bestowal of the gifts is God's sovereign decision.

Innate ability as such is not a spiritual gift. Spiritual gifts are not the same as natural talents that a person might develop through intense education. Many non-Christians are blessed with such providential talents. While every good thing and perfect gift is ultimately from God (James 1:17), God has decided to equip His believers with special gifts in order to bless the lives of other Christians and to build up His church. God also can use a natural talent for that purpose when the person acknowledges that even such a talent ultimately comes from God and then prayerfully and submissively dedicates that talent to the Lord's work.

What does Paul tell his readers in 1 Corinthians 12:14–31 about the distribution of the gifts? Why is this perspective so important for understanding how spiritual gifts function in the church?

The Holy Spirit is the one who distributes the gifts according to His wisdom and will. Since He loves us and knows best how we can serve Him most efficiently, we do not need to be envious of others and their gifts. To envy other gifts is a sign of ingratitude toward God and of doubting His wisdom in the distribution of His gifts.

What gifts has God granted to members of your church? What message can you take away from the fact that different people have different gifts?

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The Purpose of the Spiritual Gifts

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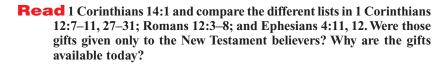
The spiritual gifts were clearly given for service, not for our sanctification. They are not miraculous tricks that satisfy our curiosity, nor are they given as an antidote to boredom. Often we think about the gifts of the Holy Spirit in terms of fulfilling our spiritual needs or as empowering us in our walk with God. The result is a view of the gifts of the Holy Spirit that is more Christian-centered than Christ-centered. It is more focused on us than on God. When we try to recover a God-centered perspective of the spiritual gifts, we realize that the gifts God gives fulfill multiple divine purposes: they are given to further the unity of the church and for building up the church (Eph. 4:12–16). They are given to carry on the divinely commissioned ministry of the church (Eph. 4:11, 12). And ultimately they are given to glorify God (1 Pet. 4:10, 11).

This is the reason why the gifts are never given to please us. They are to edify others (1 Pet. 4:10; 1 Cor. 14:12, 26). They are given to bring spiritual profit and edification to the whole church. It is a tragedy when God's gifts, which are supposed to foster unity in the church, are misused so that only certain individuals are elevated. When this happens, individuals receive undue prominence. This in turn fosters disunity and gives way to divisiveness.

Too often we think about spiritual gifts only in terms of ability and talents that we receive. While talents are involved in spiritual gifts, we should keep in mind that in bestowing a spiritual gift the Holy Spirit also always gives a specific task or ministry that goes along with it (1 Pet. 4:10). Thus, we might say that spiritual gifts are certain capacities given supernaturally by God through the Holy Spirit. These gifts fit the person for a special type of service that will build up the church. To reach that goal, diverse gifts are needed.

Why do you think that a primary purpose of the gifts is church unity? How can believers with different gifts aim at unity in the church? What needs to take place so that different gifts in the church become blessings rather than sources of division?

The Gift, Then and Now



There are some Christians who think that the spiritual gifts mentioned in the New Testament were restricted to the times of Jesus and the apostles. They argue that, with the death of the first apostles, the special spiritual gifts also have ceased to be present in the church. In support of such a view, they quote 1 Corinthians 13:10, where the apostle Paul states that "when the perfect comes, the partial will be done away" (NASB). Yes, there will be a time when the gifts will cease. But they will cease only when the perfect has come; that is, when we no longer see as through a dark glass, but face to face, when Jesus comes again. The Bible tells us that the spiritual gifts are given to build up the church (1 Cor. 12:28). Paul admonishes the believers to "desire earnestly spiritual gifts" (1 Cor. 14:1, NASB). They are necessary to the well-being of the body. In the absence of any scriptural proof that God has abolished them, we have to assume that He intends them to remain until the church has completed its mission, and Christ has come again.

The work of God will be completed at the end of time with power and strength far exceeding the first beginnings. As long as the church is called to prepare the world for Christ's second coming, God will not leave the members of the church without help in fulfilling their mission. But these gifts will never supersede the Bible, nor occupy the same place as the Bible. Rather, they are a fulfillment of the biblical promise to equip the believers so that they can build up the body of Christ, and prepare the world for the soon coming of Jesus.

Read Ephesians 4:11–13, especially verse 13, which says: "till we all come to the unity of the faith and of the knowledge of the Son of God, to a perfect man, to the measure of the stature of the fullness of Christ" (NKJV). What does this tell us about the present need for the gifts in the church?

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The Holy Spirit and the Gift of Discernment

Read 1 Corinthians 12:10, 14:29, and 1 John 4:1–3. Why is the gift of discernment important?

While there are genuine spiritual gifts present in the church, the Bible also warns us not to believe every spirit but rather to test the spirits by their conformity to Scripture, their consistency, and whether they exalt Jesus as the Lord. It is necessary to "distinguish between spirits" (1 Cor. 12:10, ESV) because not everything that pretends to come from God is really from God. We are warned that there are demonic powers seeking to mislead the church and that there are devilish reproductions of the genuine gifts of the Spirit, such as false teachings, false prophecy, lying visions, counterfeit tongue-speaking, occult healing powers, misleading signs and wonders, et cetera.

Some who accept the validity of the spiritual gifts even today, however, have placed a special emphasis on some spiritual gifts and have given unwarranted prominence to the presence of special signs and wonders. It is interesting that Paul lists the gift of discernment immediately after he mentioned the gift of "effecting of miracles" and the gift of "prophecy" and before he mentions the gift of tongues (1 Cor. 12:10, NASB).

In order to preserve the church in truth and unity and to safeguard the members from following false prophets and being deluded by false signs and miracles, God gives the church the gift of discernment. Biblical maturity, knowledge, and faithfulness to God's Word in belief and practice are needed to make proper evaluations. The basis for all discernment, however, has to be the Word of God. Only through testing everything by the Word can we know for sure whether what we are hearing or seeing is truly from the Lord or, instead, from somewhere else.

"The man who makes the working of miracles the test of his faith will find that Satan can, through a species of deceptions, perform wonders that will appear to be genuine miracles. . . . Let not the days pass by and precious opportunities be lost of seeking the Lord with all the heart and mind and soul. If we accept not the truth in the love of it, we may be among the number who will see the miracles wrought by Satan in these last days, and believe them. Many strange things will appear as wonderful miracles, which should be regarded as deceptions manufactured by the father of lies. . . . Men under the influence of evil spirits will work miracles."—Ellen G. White, Selected Messages, book 2, pp. 52, 53.

Further Thought: Read Ellen G. White, "Agency of Evil Spirits," pp. 511–517; "The Scriptures a Safeguard," pp. 593–602, in *The Great* Controversy.

Some have asked, "Why don't we see the same kinds of miracles, such as the miraculous healings, today that were seen in Bible times?" First, we do hear stories about miracles. And surely some people have seen them firsthand, too. Second, when reading the Bible, we can get the impression that miracles always were happening. But we get that impression only because the Holy Spirit inspired the authors to write about events that were crucial in establishing the early church, and these events often included miracles. We could imagine that in most cases, and most of the time, things back then were the way they are today: people being taught the Word of God and then responding to the Holy Spirit. And, finally, Ellen G. White wrote: "The way in which Christ worked was to preach the Word, and to relieve suffering by miraculous works of healing. But I am instructed that we cannot now work in this way, for Satan will exercise his power by working miracles. God's servants today could not work by means of miracles, because spurious works of healing, claiming to be divine, will be wrought. For this reason the Lord has marked out a way in which His people are to carry forward a work of physical healing, combined with the teaching of the Word. Sanitariums are to be established, and with these institutions are to be connected workers who will carry forward genuine medical missionary work. Thus a guarding influence is thrown around those who come to the sanitariums for treatment."—Selected Messages, book 2, p. 54.

Discussion Questions:

- What is the difference between the fruit of the Spirit and the gifts of the Spirit?
- **2** How can the understanding that the gifts are given by a loving and wise God help us to appreciate the various gifts in our church?
- **3** Why are miraculous healings and wonders in themselves not a safe guide for determining truth? What do we need along with them?
- **4** "For I say, through the grace given to me, to everyone who is among you, not to think of himself more highly than he ought to think, but to think soberly, as God has dealt to each one a measure of faith" (Rom. 12:3, NKJV). What crucial admonition is given to us here? How "highly" should we think of ourselves?

The Newspaper Ad: Part 1

Kim leafed through the newspaper, scanning the headlines and reading the stories that caught his interest. His eyes fell on a small advertisement in the lower corner of the page. He read it absently, then stopped and read it again. He turned the page and continued reading, but his mind returned to that small advertisement. The few sentences in the advertisement invited readers to join a Bible study that was meeting on Tuesday evenings.

Kim flipped back through the newspaper, drawn to the ad as a moth is drawn to a flame. He read the ad again, sensing that it offered something that he needed, that he had been searching for.

Kim had always been interested in spiritual things. Although his family, like most in Denmark, wasn't religious, Kim always believed in good, if not in God. Kim sensed that life was filled with struggles between good and evil. He had seen evil in the alcohol and drugs and violence that he'd encountered, and he reasoned that if evil existed, then somewhere good must exist as well.

He tried to live a good life, but his failures frustrated him. He searched for ways to embrace goodness without realizing that the good he was looking for was God.

In his search for goodness, Kim adopted a healthy lifestyle and became a vegetarian. He shared what he was learning with his family, but he was careful not to overwhelm them with too much information. Over the course of time his parents saw the wisdom in his healthy lifestyle.

As he read books on health, he was introduced to the New Age movement. New Age teachings don't deny God; instead, they teach that God exists within every person as a force for good. But salvation through Jesus Christ isn't a part of New Age teachings.

When Kim faced some personal problems, he realized that the New Age movement didn't hold all the answers. There had to be something more to life that he hadn't yet discovered. He began to question God. Was He real? Did He care about humanity? Could He love a person and help him or her in times of trouble? If God cared about him, Kim wanted to meet Him.

To be continued in next week's Inside Story.

The Lesson in Brief

► **Key Text:** 1 Corinthians 12:4–11

▶The Student Will:

Know: Contrast the fruit of the Spirit with the gifts of the Spirit. Analyze the difference between the two, and discover the Holy Spirit's divine purpose for spiritual gifts.

Feel: Appreciate the gifts of the Holy Spirit, and foster a desire to use his or her God-given gifts to build up the body of Christ, and reach out in service to others.

Do: Be sensitive to the working of the Holy Spirit in the impartation of spiritual gifts, and choose to use these gifts to glorify God.

▶Learning Outline:

I. Know: Understanding the Gifts of the Spirit

- A How do we define the gifts of the Spirit? What is a spiritual gift?
- B Who determines who receives each gift?
- What is the difference between the fruit of the Spirit and the gifts of the Spirit?

II. Feel: Understanding Our Individual Gifts

- A Why is it so easy to overlook the spiritual gifts God gives to us?
- **B** When we feel envious of other multigifted people, what does this really say about our attitude toward God?

III. Do: Understanding the Purpose of Spiritual Gifts

- A What is the purpose of the gifts that the Holy Spirit imparts?
- B How do the gifts of the Holy Spirit enable us to relate positively to other church members?
- **(** What function do spiritual gifts have in building up the body of Christ and ministering in the community?

▶Summary: When we respond positively to the promptings of the Holy Spirit to know Christ intimately, the Holy Spirit imparts gifts, or divinely endowed capacities, to each one of us, as He wills, in order to build up the body of Christ, to serve the community at large, and to glorify God.

Learning Cycle

▶STEP 1—Motivate

Spotlight on Scripture: 1 Corinthians 12:4-11

Key Concept for Spiritual Growth: The Holy Spirit imparts gifts to each believer to build up Christ's church and to accomplish Christ's mission in the community. Our Lord has not given us a task without equipping us for that task. He has not given us a mission without giving us the necessary gifts to fulfill the mission. The gifts of the Spirit are given to each believer in order that he or she may fulfill a role as a member of the body of Christ in glorifying God through ministry in the body.

Just for Teachers: This week's lesson reveals one of the most powerful principles in the entire Bible for growing healthy churches. God has given every member gifts for ministry in the church and in the community. He or she may not realize what those gifts are, but the Holy Spirit has imparted them. When we recognize the gifts that God has given us and use them to His glory, the church functions as a healthy body.

Encourage your class members to pray that God will help them recognize their gifts, and guide them in using these gifts to advance His kingdom. Share the thought that the same Holy Spirit that imparts the gifts will reveal to each one of us which gifts He has imparted and how to best use them in Christ's service. When we are sensitive to the working of the Holy Spirit and are completely committed to Christ and His work, the Spirit will guide us in discerning our gifts, and teach us how to best use them to glorify God.

Opening Discussion: Let's read together the gifts of the Holy Spirit listed in 1 Corinthians 12:27, 28 and Romans 12:6–8. If you could choose to have any one of these gifts, which one would you choose? Why would you choose that particular gift? What makes that gift desirable to you?

Can you remember a special birthday or Christmas as a child when you wanted something badly but were disappointed when you did not get it? This disappointment happened to a little girl who prayed for an elephant. She longed for a baby elephant as a pet. There was nothing she wanted more than a real elephant. Do you think her parents bought her a baby elephant to keep in the backyard? Certainly not! They were much wiser than this little girl. There are times when we pray for our "elephants," but God is much wiser than we are and imparts the gifts to us that He best knows we will use to glorify His name in service for Him.

Questions for Discussion:

- Why do you think the Holy Spirit chooses the gifts for each believer and does not encourage us to pray for a specific gift?
- 2 What gifts are we encouraged to seek? (See 1 Cor. 12:30, 31.)
- **3** What is the difference between a spiritual gift and a natural talent?
- **4** Why is the topic of spiritual gifts so encouraging?

▶STEP 2—Explore

Just for Teachers: Each of God's gifts is given to us out of the abundance of His grace and love. It is because He loves His church so deeply that He imparts to us gifts to build up His church. Although each Christian cannot do everything, each one of us can do something for Christ. Each one has been given gifts for service.

Although these gifts vary, they all are necessary for a healthy, functioning church. There are no superior and inferior gifts. The gift of helps is just as important to the church as the gift of healing. The gift of hospitality is just as important as the gift of proclamation. The gift of generosity is just as important as the gift of administration. Can you imagine a church without those who had the gift of helps, the gift of hospitality, or the gift of generosity? It certainly would be a cold, self-centered, inward-focused group of people. Every gift is essential. As the apostle Paul so aptly puts it, "But now God has set the members, each one of them, in the body just as He pleased. . . . Those members of the body which seem to be weaker are necessary" (1 Cor. 12:18, 22, NKJV). Help your class to understand that each member is necessary, each one has been given gifts by God, and each one is called by God to use those gifts, whether they are large or small, for the advancement of His kingdom.

Bible Commentary

I. The Holy Spirit Imparts Spiritual Gifts for Service (Review 1 Corinthians 12:11 with the class.)

The Corinthian church was fraught with serious spiritual problems. There was jealousy, envy, and strife among the members (1 Cor. 3:3, 4). Immorality crept into the church (1 Cor. 5:1). Some members even threatened to take others to the civil courts to solve their problems (1 Cor. 6:1). There were arguments over eating meat that had been offered to idols, an abuse of the Lord's Supper, and a misuse of spiritual gifts (1 Corinthians 8, 11, 14).

The church at Corinth was divided, filled with conflict, and threatened with a schism.

It is in this context that the apostle Paul, under the inspiration of the Holy Spirit, writes to them about spiritual gifts as a unifying force. He outlines three key points about spiritual gifts in the life and ministry of the church:

- 1. A sovereign God gives the gifts as He chooses. We do not choose which gifts we receive. He chooses which gifts He gives.
- 2. Every believer receives at least one specific gift imparted by the Holy Spirit.
- 3. The function of all of the gifts is to glorify God by building up the church, unifying the body of Christ, and reaching out in mission to the community.

It is the same Holy Spirit who imparts each gift to believers. Paul makes this point too plain to be misunderstood. "But one and the same Spirit works all these things, distributing to each one individually as He wills" (1 Cor. 12:11, NKJV). Ellen G. White adds, "To every person is committed some peculiar gift or talent which is to be used to advance the Redeemer's kingdom."—Testimonies for the Church, vol. 4, p. 618. Each one of us has been given a particular gift by Christ to be used in His service. No one is left out. Every gift is necessary in order to build God's kingdom and advance His cause.

Consider This: What is the function of spiritual gifts? How do the gifts serve as a unifying force in the church?

▶STEP 3—Apply

Just for Teachers: Guide your class in a practical discussion on how to discover their gifts and how to use them in Christ's service. Point out that the same Holy Spirit who has imparted gifts will reveal those gifts. Here are a few steps to help your class discover the gifts God has given:

- 1. Commit your life to Christ, and thank Him for the gifts of the Spirit He has given you.
 - 2. Ask Him to reveal those gifts.
- 3. Analyze the areas of witness and service you feel God is calling you to and then get involved in service.
- 4. Remember that our gifts do not come developed fully. The more we use the gifts that God has given, the more they will grow, and the more efficient we will become in using them.
- 5. Look for some affirmation from other members of the body of Christ that God has gifted you in particular areas.

Thought Questions:

• When we commit our lives to Jesus and are baptized, He promises to send His Spirit to strengthen us in order that we may face the temptations of Satan and to impart spiritual gifts for service. Why is it that, at times, we fail to recognize our gifts?

2 How can we know which gifts God has given us?

Application Questions:

1 How can we help one another to discover our spiritual gifts?

2 What gifts do other class members have? Consider your Sabbath School class. Invite members to name some of the gifts they see in other members of the class.

▶STEP 4—Create

Just for Teachers: As we discover the gifts that God has given us, and use them to build up His church and to witness in the community, we will find joy in service. Spiritual satisfaction occurs when we use the gifts we have been given in order to bless others. We take no glory for these gifts, because we know that they are gifts given by a loving Lord to advance His cause.

Activities:

• What gifts has God given you, and how can you more effectively use those gifts in service.

2 Think of some creative project for your Sabbath School class that uniquely uses the gifts of each member. How can you collectively use your gifts for the cause of Christ?